Efficacy of Homeopathy in Chronic Conjunctivitis: An Observational Study

Rajkumar S. Patil

¹Principal & Professor, Department of HMM, Sjpes's Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital, Kolhapur, Maharashtra 416 003, India.

Corresponding Author:

Rajkumar S. Patil

E-mail: hmc_h@yahoo.com



Submission:05.12.2018 Acceptance: 01.01.2019 Publication: 15.02.2019

https://www.doi.org/10.63778/PDEASIJRAAS-ARJCPL/2019_21549

Abstract:

Chronic conjunctivitis is a persistent inflammation of the conjunctiva, caused by various microorganisms and environmental factors. A surge in cases of chronic conjunctivitis has been observed in the region, necessitating effective treatment methods. This study aimed to assess the efficacy of homeopathy in treating chronic and recurring cases of conjunctivitis. A total of 98 patients were included in this one-year observational study, with 86 (87.75%) achieving recovery. The study highlights the potential of homeopathy in enhancing immunity and managing chronic conjunctivitis. Further research and controlled trials are needed to substantiate these findings.

Keywords: Chronic Conjunctivitis, Homeopathy, Efficacy, Observational Study

Introduction:

Conjunctivitis, commonly known as "pink eye," is an inflammation of the conjunctiva, the thin, transparent membrane covering the outer surface of the eye and inner eyelids. Chronic conjunctivitis is defined as inflammation persisting for four or more weeks. It can be triggered by infections (bacterial, viral), allergens, or autoimmune conditions. (1.2)

Homeopathy is known for its role in treating chronic and recurring health issues, including phlyctenular and immunologically mediated conjunctivitis. This study investigates the efficacy of homeopathic treatment for chronic conjunctivitis. (3)

Objectives:

- To evaluate the effectiveness of homeopathic remedies in managing chronic conjunctivitis.
- To determine the role of specific homeopathic remedies in chronic conjunctivitis cases.

Methods:

Study Design:

This was an observational, descriptive study conducted over a period of one year at the Outpatient and Inpatient Departments of SJPES's Homeopathic Medical College & Hospital, Kolhapur.

Participants:

A total of 98 patients diagnosed with chronic conjunctivitis were enrolled. Participants of all ages and both sexes were included. Diagnosis was based on clinical presentation, examination, and necessary laboratory investigations (e.g., blood tests).

Inclusion Criteria:

Patients of all ages and genders diagnosed with chronic conjunctivitis.

Exclusion Criteria:

 Patients with systemic diseases affecting the eyes, such as diabetes or autoimmune disorders.

Data Collection:

Data were collected from patient records, patient interviews, and physicians' observations. Follow-ups were conducted daily to monitor subjective and objective improvements.

Intervention:

The homeopathic remedies were prescribed based on individual symptoms, using repertorization techniques. Potencies ranging from 30C to 1M (centesimal scale) were used depending on the case. The remedies included Pulsatilla, Argentum Nitricum, Belladonna, Euphrasia, and others. Placebo was used between remedy doses to monitor progress. (4)

Outcome Measures:

The primary outcome was resolution of conjunctivitis symptoms, including redness, discharge, swelling, and recurrence prevention.

Results:

Participant Characteristics:

Of the 98 patients included in the study, 58 (59.18%) were male and 40 (40.82%) were female. All patients were followed for a minimum of 6 months.

Observational Study

Table 1: Demographics of Participants

Gender	No. of Cases	% of Cases
Male	58	59.18%
Female	40	40.82%
Total	98	100%

Efficacy of Treatment:

Of the 98 patients, 86 (87.75%) were successfully treated with homeopathic remedies. The remaining 12 patients either did not show full recovery or dropped out of the study. The results show a high success rate with no reported side effects.

Table 2: Treatment Outcome

Outcome	No. of Cases	% of Cases
Cured	86	87.75%
Uncured	12	12.24%
Total	98	100%

Homeopathic Remedies Used:

Table 3: Distribution of Remedies and Their Effectiveness

Remedy	No. of Cases	% of Cases
Pulsatilla	26	26.53%
Argentum Nit.	19	19.37%
Belladonna	14	14.29%
Euphrasia	12	12.24%
Hepar Sulph	11	11.22%
Calcarea Sulph	7	7.14%
Aconite	5	5.10%
Allium Cepa	4	4.08%

Discussion:

The findings of this observational study indicate that homeopathic remedies can effectively treat chronic conjunctivitis, with an overall recovery rate of 87.75%. The use of individualized treatment plans and appropriate potencies contributed to positive outcomes.

The high success rate suggests that homeopathy could be a valuable treatment option, especially in chronic and recurring cases where conventional treatments have limited efficacy. However, the study's limitations, such as lack of a control group and potential observer bias, highlight the need for more robust randomized controlled trials (RCTs) to confirm these results. (5.6)

Conclusion:

This observational study demonstrates the potential of homeopathy in treating chronic conjunctivitis, with 86 out of 98 patients recovering successfully. Homeopathy's individualized approach, free of significant side effects, shows promise in managing this common eye condition. Further research with more rigorous study designs is recommended to substantiate these findings and assess long-term outcomes.

Ethical Considerations:

This study followed ethical guidelines, ensuring informed consent from all participants. Confidentiality of patient data was maintained throughout the study.

Funding:

No external funding was received for this study.

Source of Support: Nil
Conflict of Interest: Nil

Copyright © 2019 PDEA'S International Journal Research in Ayurved and Allied Sciences. This is an open access article, it is free for all to read, download, copy, distribute, adapt and permitted to reuse under Creative Commons Attribution Non Commercial-ShareAlike: CC BY-NC-SA BY 4.0 license.

References

- Boericke William, Pocket Manual of Homoeopathic Materia Medica, 9th edition, New Delhi, B. JainPublishers P. ltd.
- 2. Allen H.C., Allens Keynotes, 9th edition, New Delhi, B. Jain Publishers P. ltd. (1999).
- 3. Genius of Homoeopathy by Stuart close, 1st edition, published on 1999 by B. Jain at New Delhi.
- 4. Homoeopathic Medical Repertory by W.Boerieke, 2nd edition, published on 2005 by B. Jain at New Delhi.
- 5. Homoeopathic Therapeutics by Samuel Lilienthal, 1st edition, published on 2000 by B. Jain at New Delhi.
- A clinical study on Homoeopathic Approach towards Acute Diseases in children By Dr. Rosario Pascoal D'souza, published in May, 2012, by National Journal of Homoeopathy, Mumbai. Vol. 14, No. 5, Page Nos 36 to 45.